

## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1 and 3 as follows:

1. (Amended) A method for producing a high yield of purified immune globulins from blood plasma, comprising:
- providing a plasma source containing immune globulins;
  - suspending the immune globulins in an ethanol solution at a volume equivalent to two times that of the initial plasma source at a temperature in a range of about -4°C to -6°C;
  - adjusting the pH of the suspension to about 5.7 to 5.8;
  - incubating the suspension for at least two hours;
  - adding a volume of a solution of about 2.4M glycine in about 7% ethanol and purified water (volume/volume) equivalent to the volume of the plasma source to the suspension;
  - adjusting the pH of the suspension to about 5.2 to 5.4 with 1.0M to 4.0M sodium acetate;
  - extracting the immune globulins using liquid-solid separation;
  - concentrating the protein from the liquid-solid separation by ultrafiltration in a solution of approximately 1.0 gram/deciliter protein content;
  - performing solvent-exchange on the protein solution with a sodium phosphate solution;
  - removing any impurities from the protein solution using an anion exchange chromatography column;
  - concentrating the purified protein deriving from the column effluent by ultrafiltration;
  - inactivating any viruses present in the concentrated protein solution;
  - passing the protein solution through a column containing C-18 resin for removal of remaining residue by adsorption, wherein the ratio of protein load